रणथम्भौर टाइगर प्रोजेक्ट

4401. **डा. अबरार अहमद** : क्या **पर्यावरण और वन** मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि :

(क) क्या सरकार को इस तथ्य की जानकारी है कि सवाई माधोपुर में रणथम्भौर टाइगर प्रोजेक्ट के अधिकांश टाइगर और अन्य जानवर इस परियोजना के अधिकारियों की मिलीभगत से मारे जा चुके हैं; यदि हां, तो उसका ब्यौरा क्या है ;

(ख) क्या सरकार को यह भी जानकारी है कि अधिकाश जंगल को इस परियोजना के अधिकारियों की मिलीभगत से कटवाया जा रहा है; यदि नहीं, तो क्या सरकार इसकी जांच करने के लिए वहां कोई दल अविलम्ब भेजेगी; और

(ग) क्या वन अधिकारियों और कर्मचारियों के, जो भ्रष्ट आचरण करते हैं और रणथम्भौर टाइगर प्रोजेक्ट को बर्बाद कर रहे हैं, विरुद्ध कोई कार्यवाही की जाएगी ?

पर्यावरण और वन मंत्रालय के राज्य मंत्री (श्री कमल नाथ) : (क) जी, नहीं। यह कहना सही नहीं है कि रणथम्भौर बाघ परियोजना के अधिकारियों की सांठ-गांठ से परियोजना के अधिकांश बाघ और अन्य पशु मारे गए हैं।

(ख) परियोजना के अधिकारियों की मिलीभगत से वृक्षों को काटे जाने के बारे में राज्य सरकार को कोई शिकायत प्राप्त नहीं हुई है। केन्द्र सरकार ने रणथम्भौर बाघ रिजर्व में चोरी-छिपे शिकार और वृक्षों की अवैध कटाई की समस्याओं की जांच करने के लिए एक कृत्यक बल का गठन किया है।

(ग) रणथम्भौर बाघ परियोजना में कार्यरत वन अधिकारी और कर्मचारी राजस्थान राज्य सरकार के अनुशासनिक नियंत्रण में आते हैं। दोषी कर्मचारियों से निपटने के लिए निर्धारित निगम और विनियम विद्यमान हैं।

India's Plea at Unced

4402. SHRI MURLIDHAR CHANDRAKANT BHANDARE: Will the Minister of ENVIRONMENT AND FORESTS be pleased to state:

(a) whether India pleaded for a contribution of only 0.7 per cent of their GNP by the rich nations of the north, towards global environmental protection, without strains on the poor developing countries, while participating in the UNCED; and

(b) if so, what was the response and consensus of the Conference on this proposal?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF ENVIRONMENT AND FORESTS (SHRI KAMAL NATH): (a) and (b) At the United Nations Conference on Environment and Development (UNCED) held at Rio-de-Janeiro, in June 1992, the developing countries including India, demanded that new and additional financial sources be provided by the developed countries to implement Agenda 21, which is a plan of action for sustainable development in the future. The developed countries re-affirmed their commitment to reach the accepted United Nations target of 0.7 per cent of Gross National Product (GNP) for Official Development Assistance (ODA) to developing countries and to the extent that they have not achieved the target, agreed to augment their aid programmes in order to reach the target as soon as possible. This commitment forms part of the consensus reached on Agenda 21 adopted at the Rio Conference.

Committee for Implementation of Convention of Earth Summit

4403. SHRI MURLIDHAR CHANDRAKANT BHANDARE: Will the Minister of ENVIRONMENT AND FORESTS be pleased to state:

(a) whether with a view to overseeing the implementation of the conventions

adopted at the recent UNCED (Earth Conference) on international implementation, a committee on Global Environment Fund was set up or is proposed to be set up; and

(b) if so, whether India voiced the apprehensions of developing countries regarding the possible infringement of national sovereignty by this Committee; if so, what consensus was arrived at in this regard?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF ENVIRONMENT AND FORESTS (SHRI KAMAL NATH): (a) The UN Conference on Environment and Development held at Rio de Janeiro during June 1992 did not set up any committee on Global Environment Fund.

(b) Does not arise.

Proposal for a Commission on Sustainable Development

4404. SHRIMATI VEENA VERMA: Will the Minister of ENVIRONMENT AND FORESTS be pleased to state:

(a) whether it was mooted at the United Nations Conference on Environment Development held at Rio in June 1992, that a Commission on Sustainable Development may be set up to evolve an action-oriented plan for ushering in it action-oriented plan for ushering in prevent further ecological damage while ensuring planned development; if so, what was the stand taken by India in this regard; and

(b) what was the outcome of the delegations in this regard?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF ENVIRONMENT AND FORESTS (SHRI KAMAL NATH): (a) and (b) The United Nations Conference on Environment and Development (UNCED) held at Rio de Janeiro, Brazil in June 1992, has recommended that a high-level Commission on Sustainable Development be established as part of institutional arrangements to ensure the effective follow-up of the Conference, as well as to enhance international cooperation for the integration of environment and development issues and to monitor the progress of the implementation of Agenda 21. This recommendation was adopted by consensus and was supported by India.

Report of Commission of Development Countries and Global Changes

4405. SHRIMATI VEENA VERMA: Will the Minister of ENVIRONMENT AND FORESTS be pleased to state:

(a) whether the Commission of Developing Countries and Global Chances had presented a report entitled "For Earth's Sake" at the recent Earth Conference (NUCSD) held at Rio;

(b) if so, the main observations and suggestions made therein; and

(c) the response of the developed countries thereto?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF ENVIRONMENT AND FORESTS (SHRI KAMAL NATH): (a) to (c) No report titled "For Earth's Sake" by the Commission of Developing Countries and Global Changes has come to the notice of the Government.

Charges against Director CC and AS

4406. SHRI RAMNARAYAN GOSWAMY: Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE be pleased to state:

(a) whether prima facie case has been established against the Director of CC and AS by the One Man Enquiry Committee and the C. V. C.;

(b) if so, the details of the directions of the C. V. C. in this regard;

(c) whether any charge sheet has been issued to the Director;

(d) whether any action has been taken in accordance with CCS(CCA) Rules; and

(e) if not, the reasons therefor?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND FAMI-